

# Static Code Analysis

A behind-the-scenes look

Arno Haase



# File and text utilities

```
$ grep -r InvoiceService
```

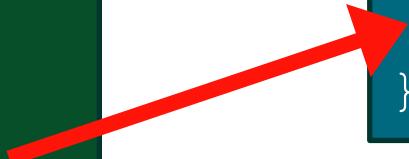
```
$ find . -name *.java | grep /test/ | xargs cat | wc
```

# Challenge: Cross Referencing

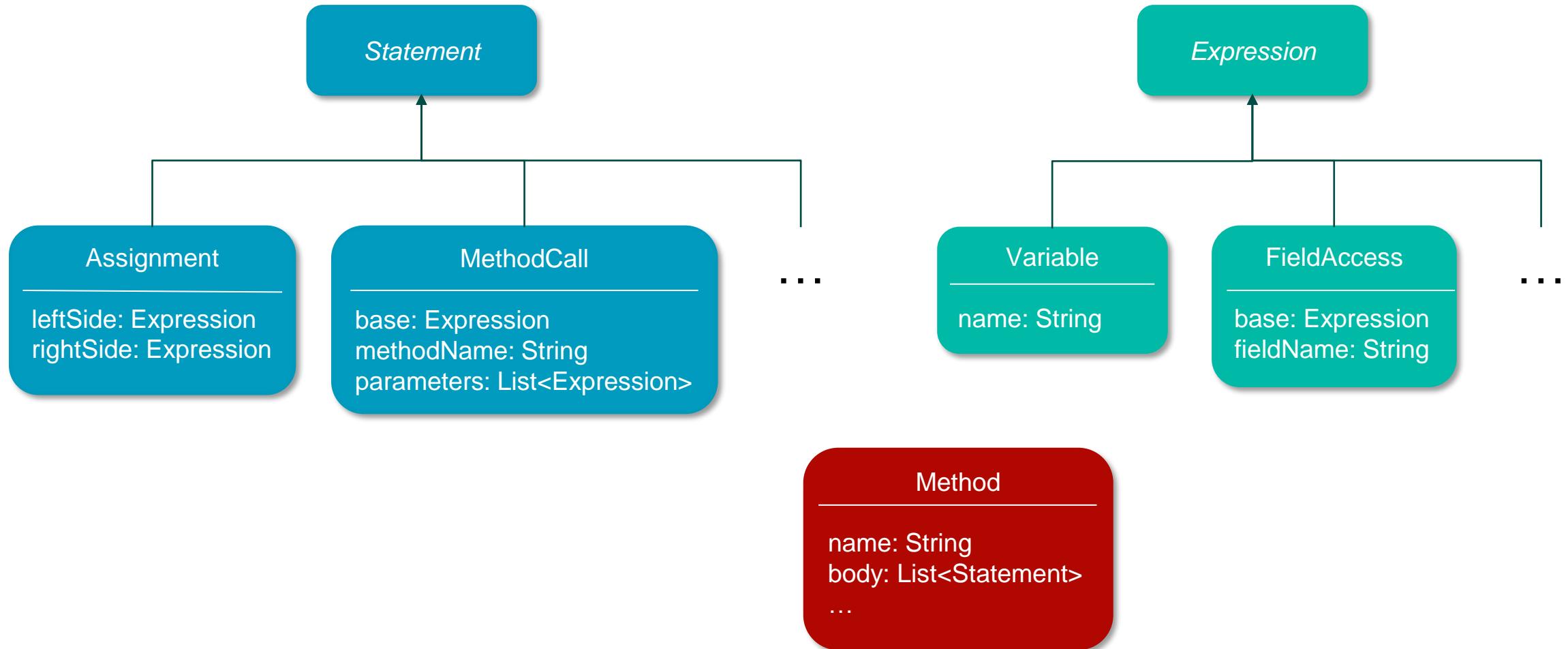
```
void myMethod(Person p) {  
    ...  
    System.out.println(p.name);  
    ...  
}
```

```
class Person {  
    String name;  
}
```

```
class City {  
    String name;  
}
```



# Abstract Syntax Tree



# Which identifier refers to what?

```
void myMethod(Person p) {  
    ...  
    System.out.println(p.name);  
    ...  
}
```

MethodParameter

type: "Person"  
name: "p"

FieldAccess

base: variable "p"  
fieldName: "name"

# Explicit support for all language features

```
String lambda(Person p) {  
    Supplier<Person> s = () ->p;  
    return s.get().name;  
}
```

```
void typeInference(Person p) {  
    var x = p;  
    System.out.println(x.name);  
}
```

```
sealed class A {}  
non-sealed class B extends A {}
```

# Byte Code

```
void myMethod(Person p) {
```

```
...
```

```
    System.out.println(p.name);
```

```
...
```

```
class Person {  
    String name;  
}
```

```
GETSTATIC java/lang/System.out : Ljava/io/PrintStream;  
ALOAD 1  
GETFIELD org/demo/Person.name : Ljava/lang/String;  
INVOKEVIRTUAL java/io/PrintStream.println (Ljava/lang/String;)V
```

# Which is the better choice?

## Source Code Parser

- Analysis of comments, layout, language features
- Fault tolerant parsing
- IDE plugin
- Smoother result presentation
- (btw – requires byte code analysis of third party libraries)

## Byte Code Parser

- Efficiency
- Leverage compiler
- Robustness against new language features

# Tracking flows

```
@GetMapping  
void myMethod(HttpServletRequest request) {  
    String s = request.getHeader("abc");  
    jdbcConnection.prepareStatement(s).update();  
}
```

# Assignment

```
@GetMapping  
void myMethod(HttpServletRequest request) {  
    String s = request.getHeader("abc");  
    String x = s;  
    Person p1 = new Person();  
    p1.name = x;  
    y = p.name;  
    jdbcConnection.prepareStatement(y).update();  
}
```

# Propagators

```
@GetMapping  
void myMethod(HttpServletRequest request) {  
    String raw = request.getHeader("abc");  
    String sql = "delete PERSON where id=" + raw;  
    jdbcConnection.prepareStatement(sql).update();  
}
```

# Conditional Flow

```
@GetMapping  
void myMethod(HttpServletRequest request) {  
    String s;  
    if(request.getHeader("xyz" == null) {  
        s = SAFE_JDBC_STRING;  
    }  
    else {  
        s = request.getHeader("abc");  
    }  
    jdbcConnection.prepareStatement(s).update();  
}
```

# Conditional Flow

```
@GetMapping  
void myMethod(HttpServletRequest request) {  
    String s = request.getHeader("abc");  
    if(System.currentTimeMillis() > 0) {  
        s = SAFE_JDBC_STRING;  
    }  
    if(request.getHeader("abc") == null) {  
        jdbcConnection.prepareStatement(s).update();  
    }  
    if(s == null) {  
        jdbcConnection.prepareStatement(s).update();  
    }  
}
```

# Combinatorial Explosion

```
@GetMapping  
void myMethod(HttpServletRequest request) {  
    String s = request.getHeader("abc");  
    if(b()) System.out.println("Hi");      // 2 paths  
    if(b()) System.out.println("Hi");      // *2  
    jdbcConnection.prepareStatement(s).update();  
}
```

# Merging

```
@GetMapping  
void myMethod(HttpServletRequest request) {  
    String s;  
    if(request.getHeader("xyz" == null) {  
        s = SAFE_JDBC_STRING;  
    }  
    else {  
        s = request.getHeader("abc");  
    }  
    jdbcConnection.prepareStatement(s).update();  
}
```

# Combinatorial Explosion - Revisited

```
@GetMapping  
void myMethod(HttpServletRequest request) {  
    String s = request.getHeader("abc");  
    if(b()) System.out.println("Hi");      // 2 paths  
    if(b()) System.out.println("Hi");      // +1  
    if(b()) System.out.println("Hi");      // +1= 11 paths!  
    jdbcConnection.prepareStatement(s).update();  
}
```

# Merging - Limitations

```
@GetMapping  
void myMethod(HttpServletRequest request) {  
    String s = request.getHeader("abc");  
    if (condition)  
        s = "safe";  
    ...  
    if (condition)  
        jdbcConnection.prepareStatement(s).update();  
}
```

# Loops

```
@GetMapping  
void myMethod(HttpServletRequest request) {  
    String a,b,c = request.getHeader("abc");  
    while(check()) {  
        a=b;  
        b=c;  
        jdbcConnection.prepareStatement(a).update();  
    }  
}
```

# Impossible to be precise

```
@GetMapping  
void myMethod(HttpServletRequest request) {  
    String s = request.getHeader("abc");  
    long n = new SecureRandom().nextLong()  
    while(n!=1) {  
        if(n%2 == 0) n=n/2;  
        else n=3*n+1;  
    }  
    jdbcConnection.prepareStatement(s).update();  
}
```

# Function Calls

```
@GetMapping  
void myMethod(HttpServletRequest request) {  
    String s = source(request);  
    sink(s)  
}  
  
static String source(HttpServletRequest r) {  
    return request.getHeader("abc");  
}  
  
static void sink(String s) {  
    jdbcConnection.prepareStatement(s).update();  
}
```

# Recursion

```
@GetMapping  
void myMethod(HttpServletRequest request) {  
    String s = request.getHeader("abc");  
    f("", "", s);  
}  
  
static void f(String a, String b, String c) {  
    jdbcConnection.prepareStatement(a).update();  
    if (...)  
        f(b, c, "safe");  
}
```

# Virtual Method Calls

```
class MyService {  
    I other;  
  
    @GetMapping  
    void myMethod(HttpServletRequest r) {  
        String s = r.getHeader("abc");  
        other.doIt(s);  
    }  
}
```

```
interface I {  
    void doIt(String s);  
}
```

```
class A implements I {  
    void doIt(String s) {  
        doSafeStuff(s);  
    }  
}
```

```
class B implements I {  
    void doIt(String s) {  
        doDangerousStuff(s);  
    }  
}
```

# Call Graph

- List of possible call targets per function call statement

```
String s = request.getHeader("abc");
Consumer<String> c = new Safe();
c.accept(s);
```

```
class Safe
implements Consumer<String>
{
    void accept(String s) {
        System.out.println(s);
    }
}
```

```
class NotSafe
implements Consumer<String>
{
    void accept(String s) {
        conn.prepareStatement(s)
            .update();
    }
}
```

# Flow sensitivity

```
if (...) {  
    s = request.getHeader("abc");  
    c = new Safe();  
}  
else {  
    s = "a string literal";  
    c = new NotSafe()  
}  
c.accept(s);
```

# Aliasing

```
StringBuilder a = new StringBuilder();  
var b=a;  
...  
a.append(request.getHeader("abc"));  
...  
jdbcConnection  
    .prepareStatement(b.toString())  
    .update();
```

# Framework / Library knowledge

Start point  
for scanning

Not vulnerable  
for XSS

```
@PutMapping("/api/person/{id}")
@Produces("application/json")
Person getPerson(
    @PathParam("id") String id,
    @RequestBody Person data,
) {
    jdbcConnection.prepareStatement(
        "update PERSON set name='"
        + data.name + "' WHERE id='"
        + id + "'"
        .update();
    ...
}
```

All fields of 'data'  
are untrustworthy

# Identifying unique findings

```
String s = getHeader("a");
if(...)
    sqlUpdate(SQL_1 + s);
else
    sqlUpdate(SQL_2 + s);
```

```
String sql;
String s = getHeader("a");
if(...)
    sql = SQL_1 + s;
else
    sql = SQL_2 + s;
sqlUpdate(sql);
```

```
var sql = new StringBuilder(QUERY);
if(...)
    sql.append(" and name=' " + person.name + " '");
if(...)
    sql.append(" and street=' " + person.street + " '");
if(...)
    sql.append(" and city=' " + person.city + " '");
sqlQuery(sql);
```

# Quality of results

“If we don’t report a problem,  
there is no problem”

vs.

“Everything we report is  
worth looking at”

# Levels of Sophistication

“Full-Blown“ Flow Support: Wide range of sophisticated algorithms

Simple Flow Support: Merging

Structural Matching: Usage patterns on the AST, cross referencing

Text / File based: Command line tools, regular expressions, ...

# Stuff that's tricky to analyze statically

Reflection

Recursion

Polymorphic Calls

Aliasing

Key specific  
Map access

Correlated  
Conditionals

Framework /  
Library support

The background features a large, abstract graphic composed of overlapping, rounded shapes in shades of blue, red, and green. The shapes are layered and curve across the frame, creating a sense of depth and motion.

# Thank you