Blockchain for developers



Peter Penning and Cees van Wijk

Amsterdam, June 13th 2017



Program

How Blockchain changes todays reality Bitcoin Ethereum The impact on you! Blockchain @ING



Today's reality

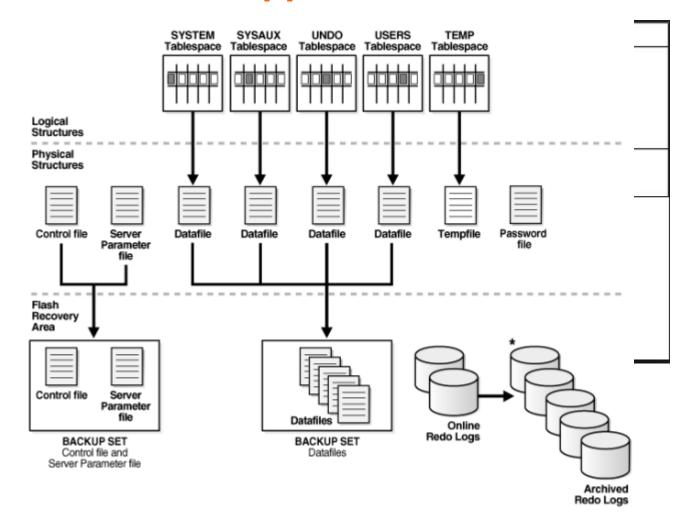


Classic Business Applications

- Models a part of the world from its own perspective
- Builds or buys a domain-specific solution
- Integrate in own application-architecture via interfaces (file, message or API-based)
- Deployment in own datacenter or cloud
- Every organisation models its own world and has its own set of applications and data



Classic Business Applications





Every organization is keeping its own systems of record



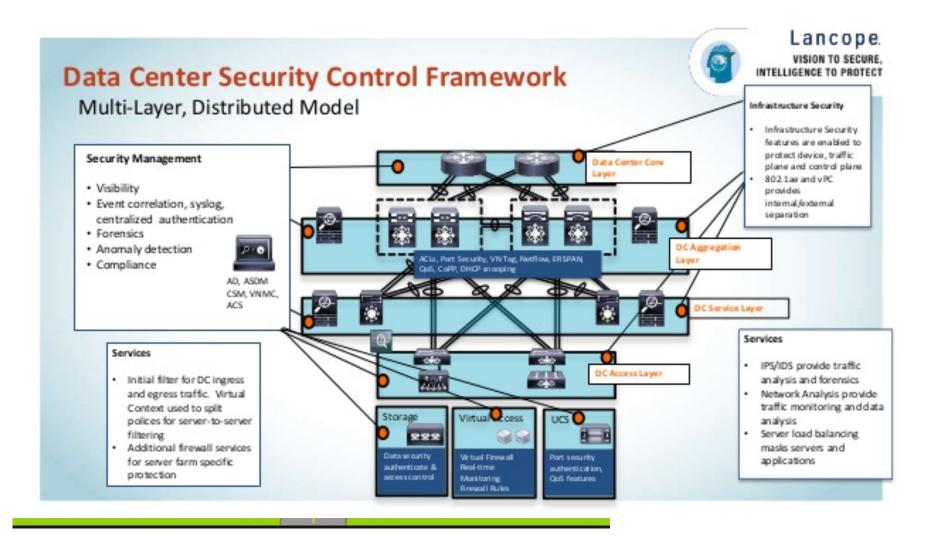


Classic Business Applications - Security

- How do you make sure that data has no unauthorized changes
 - Assess requirements for Confidentiality, Integrity and Availability
 - Datamanagement measures (where is production?)
 - Physical access restrictions
 - User Access Management (Identification, Authorisation and Permissions)
 - Logical control access: network security
 - Fraude detection mechanisms
- How do you make sure your data is correct
 - Reconciliation with other datasources



Classic Business Applications





Today's reality



2016

Picture 4 of

Popula

Sections

The Daily Dot

LAYER 8

Hacker breaches University of Greenwich, exposes 21,000 people's data

'You guys decided to kick me out of University because you couldn't handle the beast.'

Patrick Howell O'Neill —2016-06-09 05:34 p.m. | Last updated 2016-06-09 07:20 p.m.

Reuters Sep 26, 2016















Heartland Payment Systems data breach coverage



BitCoin



First generation Blockchain – Beginnings and growth (1/4)

M	Market Cap → Trade Volume → Trending → Tools → Search Currencies							
All	*	Currencies →	Assets →	USD ▼				Next 100 → View All
4 #	Na	ame	Market Cap	Price	Available Supply	Volume (24h)	% Change (24h)	Price Graph (7d)
1	8	Bitcoin	\$16,252,208,957	\$1005.51	16,163,150 BTC	\$124,961,000	1.26%	~~
2	*	Ethereum	\$1,121,101,479	\$12.61	88,873,328 ETH	\$29,278,700	12.49%	~~
3	•\$	Ripple	\$232,072,149	\$0.006265	37,044,533,660 XRP *	\$586,147	0.03%	1
4	0	Litecoin	\$186,819,438	\$3.75	49,782,806 LTC	\$3,726,780	0.62%	
5	©	Monero	\$172,178,513	\$12.35	13,944,516 XMR	\$2,354,210	0.55%	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
6	Ð	Dash	\$122,058,038	\$17.19	7,099,948 DASH	\$1,430,550	2.15%	wy war
7	*	Ethereum Class	sic \$110,208,461	\$1.24	88,831,226 ETC	\$1,528,940	4.11%	

What is it

- Peer-to-peer network
- Cryptographically protected data
- Decentralized trust via reward and consensus mechanism



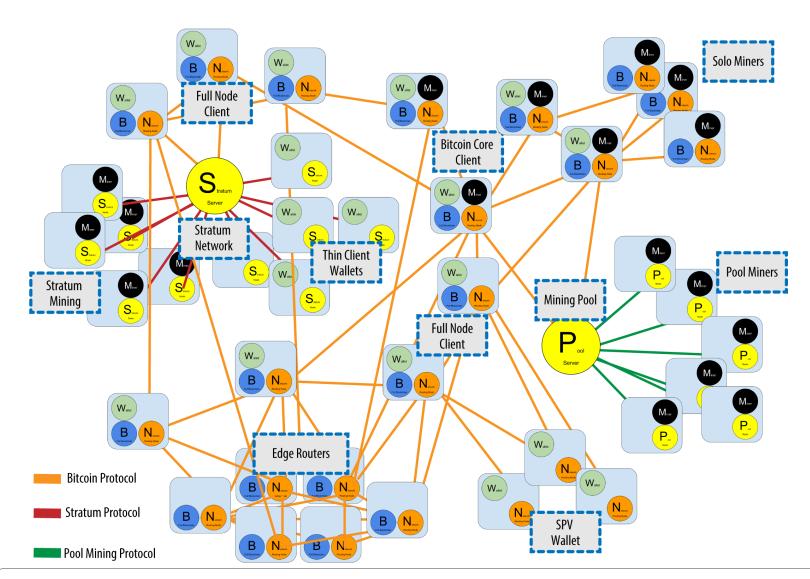
First Generation - A look under the hood

ING video

http://www.videobox.intranet/videos/1479/ing-blockchain-animation-v1.1



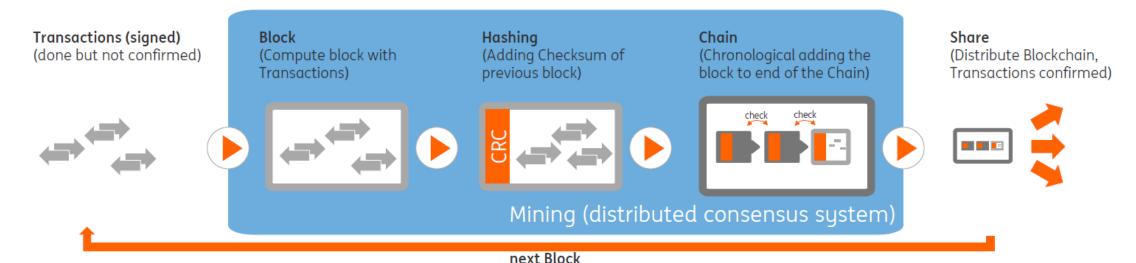
Peer2peer network





First generation Blockchain - Conceptual view

Generation of one Block and adding to the Chain



Block: collection of transactions

Transaction: message with sender, receiver, and information

Consensus: rules on accepting a transaction



First generation Blockchain - Core concepts to remember

distributed

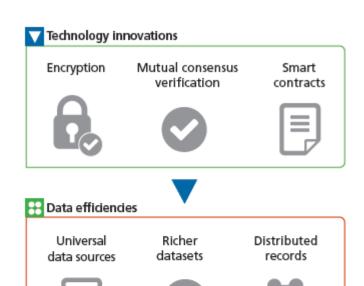
immutable

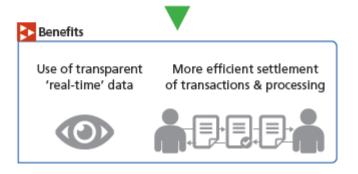
ledger

Replicated datastores, no central storage

Trust is created by design, not given by or to individual participants

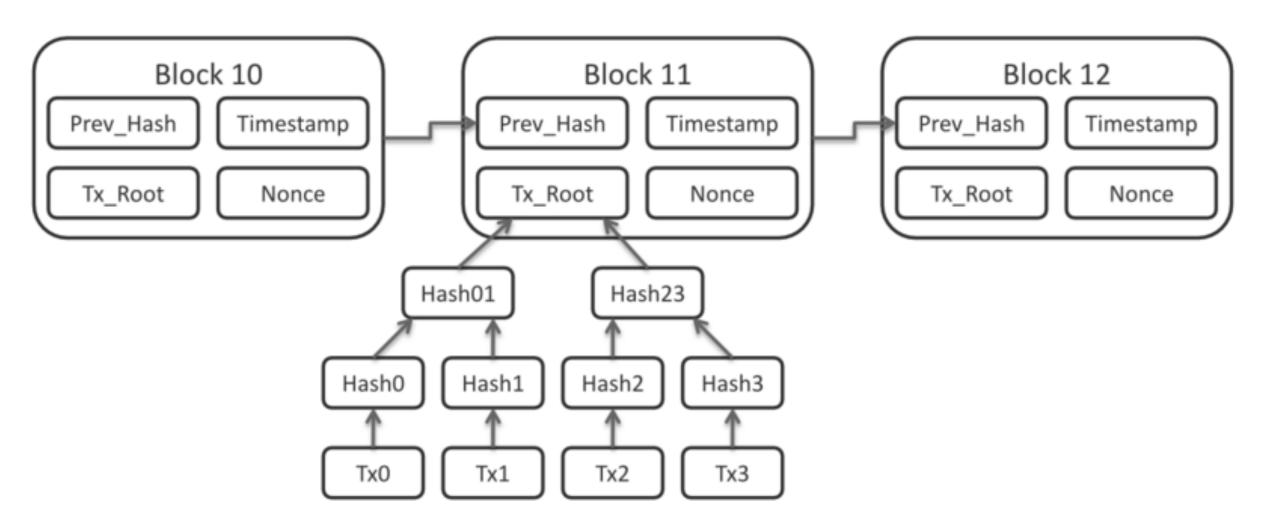
Data is cryptographically guaranteed consistent and correct







Immutability





Ethereum



Next generation Blockchain - Ethereum

- The best known 2nd generation Blockchain is Ethereum
- Instead of a small script, Ethereum runs code specified in a Turing-complete language
- It means there are no logical limitations to the code
- The user-defined code on Ethereum are called Smart Contracts
- Executing a contract consumes Ether, a digital currency
- Value: let's have a look https://coinmarketcap.com/
- In a way, it's a slow but very reliable World Computer

Ethereum's Vitalik Buterin Wins World Technology Network Award

Nermin Hajdarbegovic | Published on November 19, 2014 at 16:52 BST



Vitalik Buterin has beaten Facebook's Mark Zuckerberg to win the World Technology Network (WTN) award for IT software.

Buterin, the developer of crypto 2.0 platform Ethereum and co-founder of *Bitcoin Magazine*, received the honour at the WTN's 2014 summit held at the Time & Life building in New York City. The event was organised in association with *Fortune* and *Time*.





What is smart contract?

"A smart contract is software that can automatically execute the terms of a contract."

In 1994 Nick Szabo (cryptographer) first coined the term "smart contract."

The key difference with smart contracts is that it is a decentralized system accessible to anyone, that doesn't require any intermediary party or costs.



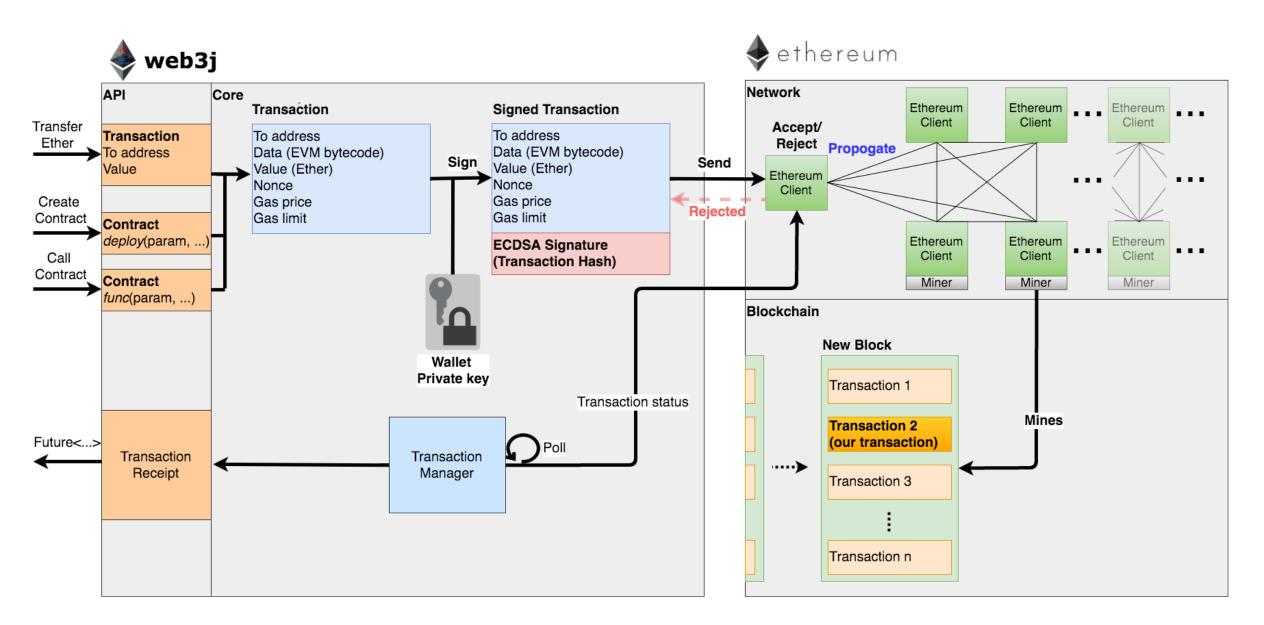
Smart contracts

- Smart contracts are executed by all nodes in the network
- Smart contracts include business logic and can automatically
 - Verify conditions
 - Check external information sources
 - Automate processes
- Because of this logic we can now not only register (historic) and simple transactions but also manage future rights & obligations (for example the right to future cash flows or access to information)

Ethereum

- Multi purpose platform
- PoW consensus
- Ethereum Virtual Machine
 - Stack, Heap, environment variables, event, logs, sub-calling
 - Solidity
 - Turing complete
 - Gas limit (Halting problem)
- JSON-RPC API
- JavaScript & Java libraries







Platform comparison

Platform	Consensus	Confidentiality	Smart contracts
BitCoin	PoW (SHA256)	None	BitCoin Scripts
Ethereum	PoW	None	Solidity / EVM
Corda	Pluggable	Selective broadcasting	Java/Kotlin (fully deterministic JVM)
HyperLedger Fabric	Pluggable	Transactions shared only with validator ('s)	Java/Go (standard JVM)
Sawtooth Lake	PoET	None	Yes
Quorum	Pluggable	Private transactions	Solidity / EVM



The impact of Blockchain on you!



```
contract Bank {
 2
         // Record of all balances (in wei).
         mapping (address => uint256) public userBalances;
 4
         function getBalance(address user) constant returns(uint) {
           return userBalances[user];
10
         function deposit() payable {
11
           userBalances[msg.sender] += msg.value;
12
13
         function executePayment(uint256 amount, address to) payable {
14
15
16
17
             address from = msg.sender;
18
             if (amount > userBalances[from]) {
19
20
               throw:
21
                                                 109
             if (!to.call.value(amount)()) {
22
                                                        function () payable {
                                                 110
23
                                                 111
               throw:
                                                 112
                                                          if (attackCount < attackCountMax) {</pre>
24
                                                 113
25
             userBalances[from] -= amount;
                                                            attackCount++;
                                                 114
26
                                                 115
                                                            vulnerableBank.executePayment(amount, this);
27
                                                 116
                                                 117
```

```
var filesystem = require("fs"),
        Web3 = require('web3');
    var web3 = new Web3(new Web3.providers.HttpProvider("http://localhost:8080"));
 5
    var abiString = filesystem.readFileSync("compiledContract/abi/VulnerableBank.abi", "utf8");
    var Bank = web3.eth.contract(JSON.parse(abiString));
    var bank = Bank.at("0xf1b89c99c0e3a6d2c138a850d8cbf4b51b938a6f");
    bank.deposit({
10
      from: web3.eth.accounts[0],
11
      gas: 300000,
12
      value: 20000000
13
    }, (error, txhash) => {
14
15
16
     if(error) {
        console.warn("ERROR confirming deposit: " + error);
17
18
      } else {
        console.log("Deposit-TX successfully sent.");
19
20
21
    });
```

Software quality: Formal Verification

Formal Verification

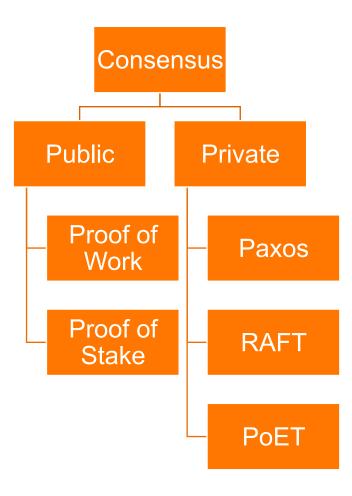
- Formal proof of correctness for all possible inputs.
- o 2 ways:
 - Add formal specification to a regular language
 - Use a purpose built language: OCaml or Ada.
- Aviation standards allow to replace tests by formal verification: DO-178 (B & C)

Limitations

- Huge overhead
- Halting problem
- External calls.



Consensus algorithms





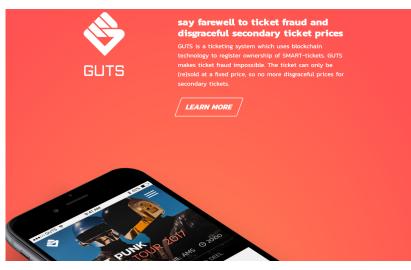
Blockchain @ING!

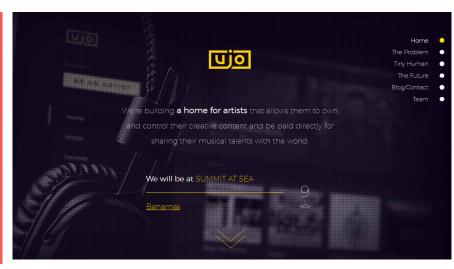




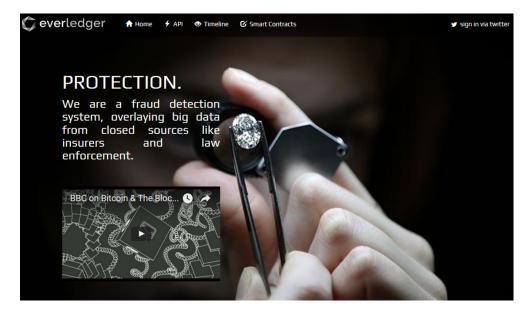
Blockchain examples













Blockchain @ING

- Understand the technology:
 - Platform evaluations
 - Fundamental technology (crypto, consensus etc.)
- Develop Blockchain applications
 - Trade Finance



Questions?

