

The background of the slide features a close-up photograph of a heavy-duty metal chain with large links. A yellow padlock is attached to the chain, positioned centrally behind the text. The padlock and chain are set against a dark, textured background, possibly a metal door or gate. The overall image has a slightly desaturated, industrial feel.

Code as Risk

@KevlinHenney



知るべき
97 Things Every Prog

Kevlin Henney 編
李军译 吕骏 审校
電子工業出版社
PUBLISHING HOUSE OF ELECTRONICS INDUSTRY
http://www.pri.com.cn

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Collective Wisdom
from the Experts

97 Things Every Programmer Should Know

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Edited by Kevlin Henney

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WILEY SERIES IN
SOFTWARE DESIGN PATTERNS

PATTERN-ORIENTED SOFTWARE ARCHITECTURE

A Pattern Language for
Distributed Computing



Volume 4

Frank Buschmann
Kevlin Henney
Douglas C. Schmidt



WILEY SERIES IN
SOFTWARE DESIGN PATTERNS

PATTERN-ORIENTED SOFTWARE ARCHITECTURE

On Patterns and Pattern Languages



Volume 5

Frank Buschmann
Kevlin Henney
Douglas C. Schmidt

Using autodetected IRQ (11) to improve performance.
ifcusb (PC/TCP Class 1 packet driver - DIX Ethernet) init
5 free packets of length 160, 5 free packets of length 1
The kernel is using asynchronous sends
The Resident Module occupies 0 bytes of conventional mem



PCI device listing ...

Bus No.	Device No.	Func No.	Vendor/Device Class	Device Class
---------	------------	----------	---------------------	--------------

0	7	1	1106 0571	0101 IDE Cntrlr
---	---	---	-----------	-----------------

EUROPEAN UNION ONLY

Using
ifcust
5 free
The ke
The Re



http://www.ns.nl/servlet/Satellite?cid=1073490633461&pagename=www.ns.nl%2F

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Kaartjes

OV-chipkaart

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Service

Mijn NS

Planner Plus

Actuele Reisinformatie

Internationale treinplanner

NS-Nachtnet

Naar Schiphol

Stationsvoorzieningen

Vervoer van en naar het station

Op het station

Planner Plus

Terug

- java.lang.NullPointerException

The source of this error is:

Need Help?

Email us with your enquiries.

Or Call

UK 0870 5 90 90 90

Outside U.K. 00800 4445 8687

Or visit our [Customer Service](#)
page

Reservation Summary

Hotel

The Waldorf Hilton, London

[Change Hotel](#)



00004200021076035600

EXPEDITED PARCEL COLIS ACCÉLÉRÉS

2

CANADA POST / POSTES CANADA

From / Exp.:

\$retAdd.getFirstName().toUpperCase()

\$retAdd.getAddressLine1().toUpperCase()

\$retAdd.getCity().toUpperCase() \$retAdd.getState().toUpperCase() \$retAdd.g

\$retAdd.getDayPhone()

Payer / Facturé à:

7307904

Method of Payment /

Mode de paiement:

To / Dest.:



@tackline

 Follow

Arriving in Bologna, I saw a [@KevlinHenney](#) screen. Whilst queueing to leave Ancona another appeared as I waited.

2:05 PM - 25 Jul 2016

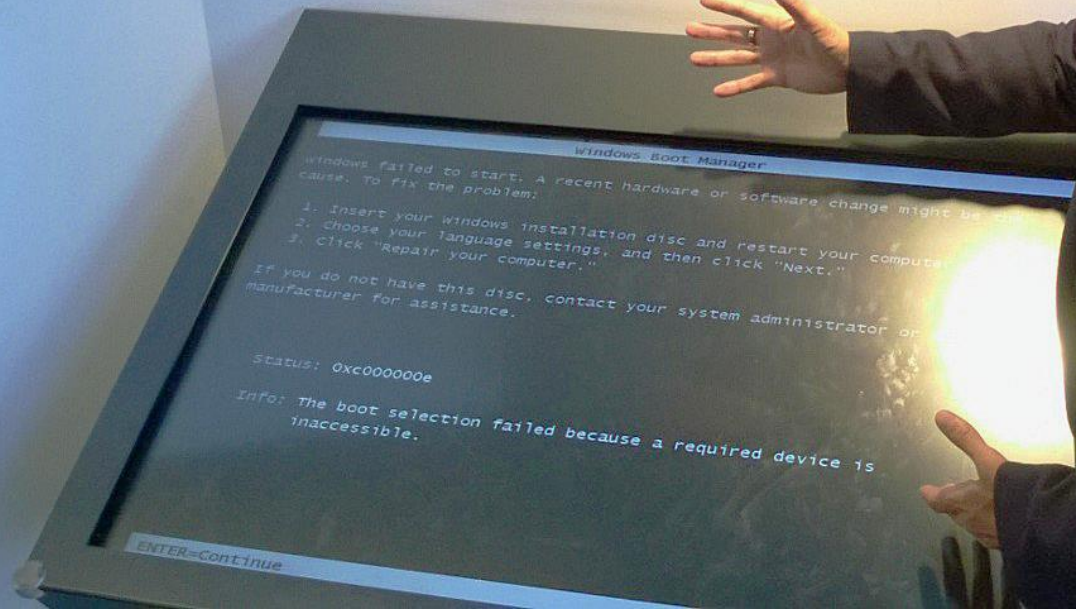


3



2

<https://twitter.com/tackline/status/757562488363843584>



Abfahrt Linie Ziel Gleis

Gleis

Zeit

Über

Nach

Olbernhau

Hbf

(S) Hbf

g-B. Süd

Hbf

Aue (Sachs)

Dresden Hbf

Flöha - Pockau-Lengefeld

Flöha - Frei

- fährt heute

Hohenstein

Flöha - Zsch

irt heute von

Geithain - B

Einsiedel - Thalheim (Erzgeb)

Flöha - Freiberg (Sachs) - Tharandt

- fährt heute von Gleis 11

22:10

RB81

22:30

RB30

22:31

RB30

22:36

RB80

22:36

RB45

22:44

RE6

22:45

RB89

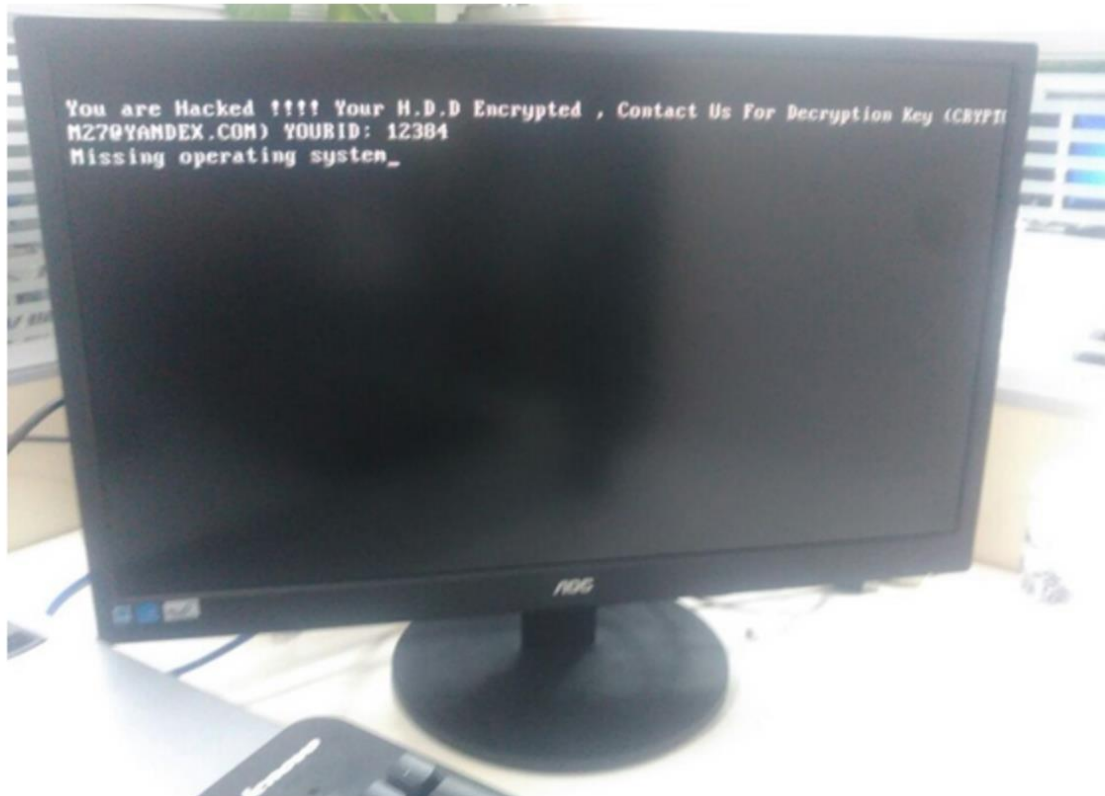
23:30

RB30



DE - 12.05.2017

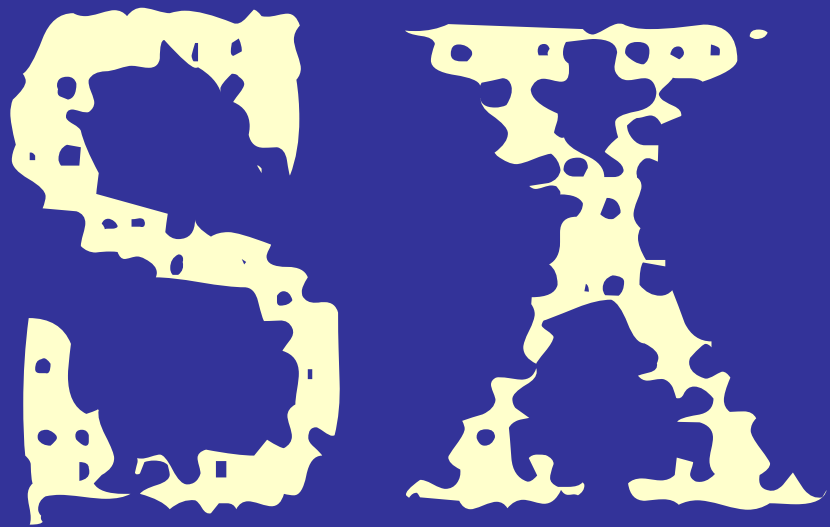
BMG | MIS



A copy of the ransom message left behind by the “Mamba” ransomware.

On Friday, *The San Francisco Examiner* **reported** that riders of SFMTA’s Municipal Rail or “Muni” system were greeted with handmade “Out of Service” and “Metro Free” signs on station ticket machines. The computer terminals at all Muni locations carried the “hacked” message: “Contact for key (**cryptom27@yandex.com**),” the message read.

UK



PA

```
if ((err = ReadyHash(&SSLHashSHA1, &hashCtx)) != 0)
    goto fail;
if ((err = SSLHashSHA1.update(&hashCtx, &clientRandom)) != 0)
    goto fail;
if ((err = SSLHashSHA1.update(&hashCtx, &serverRandom)) != 0)
    goto fail;
if ((err = SSLHashSHA1.update(&hashCtx, &signedParams)) != 0)
    goto fail;
    goto fail;
if ((err = SSLHashSHA1.final(&hashCtx, &hashOut)) != 0)
    goto fail;
```

Mike Bland

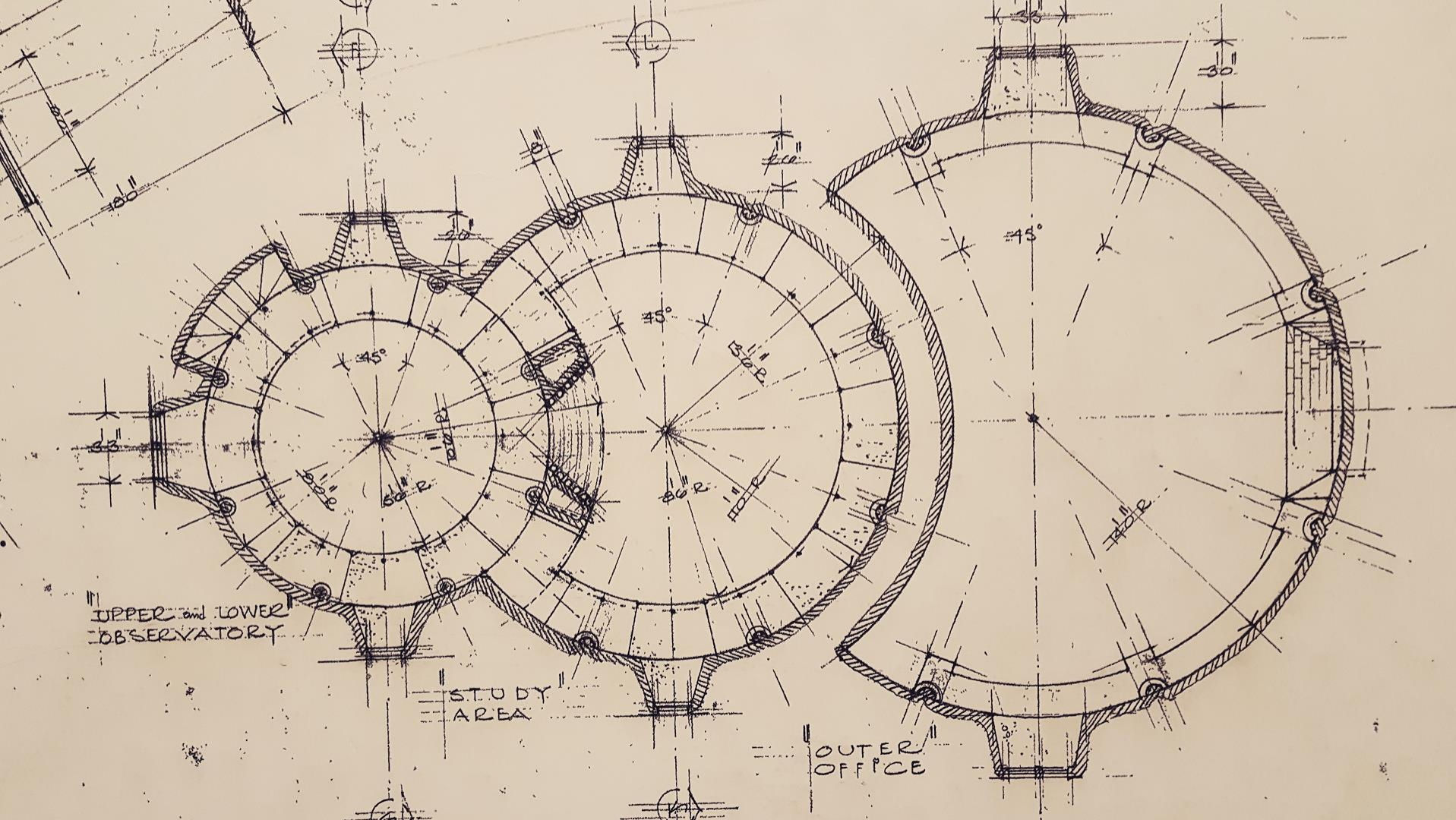
"Goto Fail, Heartbleed, and Unit Testing Culture"

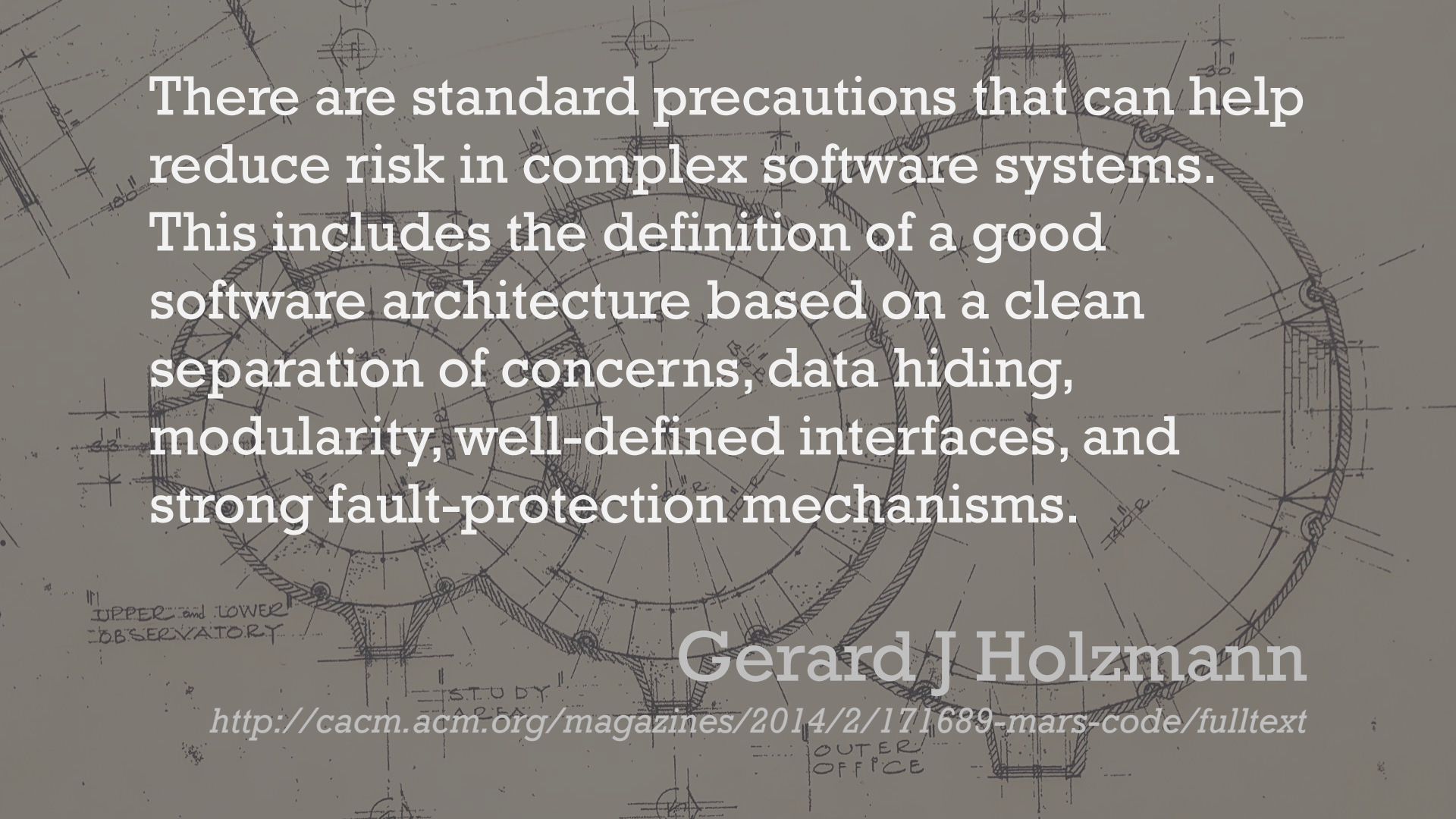
<https://martinfowler.com/articles/testing-culture.html>

```
network code()
{
    switch (line) {
        case THING1:
            doit1();
            break;
        case THING2:
            if (x == STUFF) {
                do_first_stuff();
                if (y == OTHER_STUFF)
                    break;
                do_later_stuff();
            } /* coder meant to break to here... */
            initialize_modes_pointer();
            break;
        default:
            processing();
    } /* ...but actually broke to here! */
    use_modes_pointer(); /* leaving the modes_pointer uninitialized */
}
```

Most of our systems are much more complicated than can be considered healthy, and are too messy and chaotic to be used in comfort and confidence.

Edsger W Dijkstra





There are standard precautions that can help reduce risk in complex software systems. This includes the definition of a good software architecture based on a clean separation of concerns, data hiding, modularity, well-defined interfaces, and strong fault-protection mechanisms.

Gerard J Holzmann

<http://cacm.acm.org/magazines/2014/2/171689-mars-code/fulltext>



f / WordFriday

code, *noun*

- a set of instructions for a computer
- a computer program, or a portion thereof
- a system of words, figures or symbols used to represent others, especially for the purposes of secrecy
- a set of conventions or principles governing behaviour or activity in a particular domain

risk, *noun*

- a situation involving exposure to danger
- the chance or hazard of commercial loss
- product of the consequence and probability of a hazardous event or phenomenon
- exposure to a proposition of which one is uncertain



kcpeppe

@kcpeppe

@KevlinHenney functionality is an asset, code is a liability

8:14 AM - 5 Jun 2010



4



4

<https://twitter.com/kcpeppe/status/15473004648>

Avoiding complexity
reduces bugs.

Linus Torvalds

Avoiding complexity
reduces vulnerabilities.



Functional

Operational

Developmental



```

Connection * CreateServerConnection()
{
    // Declarations
    char buffer[1024];
    std::string cfgAddress;
    unsigned long address;
    std::string cfgPort;
    unsigned short port;
    Connection * result;

    // Get address and check that its OK (throw an exception if its not)
    cfgAddress = ConfigurationManager::Instance().GetValue("address");
    if (cfgAddress.empty())
    {
        sprintf(buffer, "Configuration value missing: %s", "address");
        Log::Instance().Write(buffer);
        throw ConnectionException(buffer);
    }

    // Convert adress to bytes and check that its OK (throw an exception if its not)
    address = inet_addr(cfgAddress.data());
    if (address == -1)
    {
        sprintf(buffer, "Invalid address: %s", cfgAddress.data());
        Log::Instance().Write(buffer);
        throw ConnectionException(buffer);
    }

    // Get port and check that its OK (throw an exception if its not)
    cfgPort = ConfigurationManager::Instance().GetValue("port");
    if (cfgPort.empty())
    {
        sprintf(buffer, "Configuration value missing: %s", "port");
        Log::Instance().Write(buffer);
        throw ConnectionException(buffer);
    }

    // Convert port too bytes
    port = htons(atoi(cfgPort.data()));

    // Creation connection and check that its OK (throw an exception if its not)
    result = new Connection(address, port);
    if (!result || !result->IsOK())
    {
        sprintf(buffer, "Failed to connect: %s:%s", cfgAddress.data(), cfgPort.data());
        Log::Instance().Write(buffer);
        throw ConnectionException(buffer);
    }

    // Return the connection
    return result;
}

```



```
Connection * CreateServerConnection()
{
    // Declarations
    char buffer[1024];
    std::string cfgAddress;
    unsigned long address;
    std::string cfgPort;
    unsigned short port;
    Connection * result;
    ...
}
```

```
Connection * CreateServerConnection()
{
    ...
    // Get address and check that its OK (throw an exception if its not)
    cfgAddress = ConfigurationManager::Instance().GetValue("address");
    if (cfgAddress.empty())
    {
        sprintf(buffer, "Configuration value missing: %s", "address");
        Log::Instance().Write(buffer);
        throw ConnectionException(buffer);
    }
    ...
}
```

```
Connection * CreateServerConnection()
{
    ...
    // Convert address to bytes and check that its OK (throw an exception if its not)
    address = inet_addr(cfgAddress.data());
    if (address == -1)
    {
        sprintf(buffer, "Invalid address: %s", cfgAddress.data());
        Log::Instance().Write(buffer);
        throw ConnectionException(buffer);
    }
    ...
}
```

```
Connection * CreateServerConnection()
{
    ...
    // Get port and check that its OK (throw an exception if its not)
    cfgPort = ConfigurationManager::Instance().GetValue("port");
    if (cfgPort.empty())
    {
        sprintf(buffer, "Configuration value missing: %s", "port");
        Log::Instance().Write(buffer);
        throw ConnectionException(buffer);
    }
    ...
}
```

```
Connection * CreateServerConnection()  
{  
    ...  
    // Convert port too bytes  
    port = htons(atoi(cfgPort.data()));  
    ...  
}
```

```
Connection * CreateServerConnection()
{
    ...
    // Creation connection and check that its OK (throw an exception if its not)
    result = new Connection(address, port);
    if (!result || !result->IsOK())
    {
        sprintf(buffer, "Failed to connect: %s:%s", cfgAddress.data(), cfgPort.data());
        Log::Instance().Write(buffer);
        throw ConnectionException(buffer);
    }
    ...
}
```

```
Connection * CreateServerConnection()  
{  
    ...  
    // Return the connection  
    return result;  
}
```

```
Connection * CreateServerConnection()
{
    // Declarations
    ...
    // Get address and check that its OK (throw an exception if its not)
    ...
    // Convert adress to bytes and check that its OK (throw an exception if its not)
    ...
    // Get port and check that its OK (throw an exception if its not)
    ...
    // Convert port too bytes
    ...
    // Creation connection and check that its OK (throw an exception if its not)
    ...
    // Return the connection
    ...
}
```

```
Connection * CreateServerConnection()
{
    // Declarations
    ...
    // Get address and check that it's OK (throw an exception if it's not)
    ...
    // Convert address to bytes and check that it's OK (throw an exception if it's not)
    ...
    // Get port and check that it's OK (throw an exception if it's not)
    ...
    // Convert port to bytes
    ...
    // Creation connection and check that it's OK (throw an exception if it's not)
    ...
    // Return the connection
    ...
}
```

```
Connection * CreateServerConnection()  
{  
    ...  
    ...  
    ...  
    ...  
    ...  
    ...  
    ...  
}
```

```
Connection * CreateServerConnection()
{
    char buffer[1024];
    std::string cfgAddress;
    unsigned long address;
    std::string cfgPort;
    unsigned short port;
    Connection * result;

    cfgAddress = ConfigurationManager::Instance().GetValue("address");
    if (cfgAddress.empty())
    {
        sprintf(buffer, "Configuration value missing: %s", "address");
        Log::Instance().Write(buffer);
        throw ConnectionException(buffer);
    }

    address = inet_addr(cfgAddress.data());
    if (address == -1)
    {
        sprintf(buffer, "Invalid address: %s", cfgAddress.data());
        Log::Instance().Write(buffer);
        throw ConnectionException(buffer);
    }

    cfgPort = ConfigurationManager::Instance().GetValue("port");
    if (cfgPort.empty())
    {
        sprintf(buffer, "Configuration value missing: %s", "port");
        Log::Instance().Write(buffer);
        throw ConnectionException(buffer);
    }

    port = htons(atoi(cfgPort.data()));

    result = new Connection(address, port);
    if (!result || !result->IsOK())
    {
        sprintf(buffer, "Failed to connect: %s:%s", cfgAddress.data(), cfgPort.data());
        Log::Instance().Write(buffer);
        throw ConnectionException(buffer);
    }

    return result;
}
```

```
Connection * CreateServerConnection()
{
    char buffer[1024];

    std::string cfgAddress = ConfigurationManager::Instance().GetValue("address");
    if (cfgAddress.empty())
    {
        sprintf(buffer, "Configuration value missing: %s", "address");
        Log::Instance().Write(buffer);
        throw ConnectionException(buffer);
    }

    unsigned long address = inet_addr(cfgAddress.data());
    if (address == -1)
    {
        sprintf(buffer, "Invalid address: %s", cfgAddress.data());
        Log::Instance().Write(buffer);
        throw ConnectionException(buffer);
    }

    std::string cfgPort = ConfigurationManager::Instance().GetValue("port");
    if (cfgPort.empty())
    {
        sprintf(buffer, "Configuration value missing: %s", "port");
        Log::Instance().Write(buffer);
        throw ConnectionException(buffer);
    }

    unsigned short port = htons(atoi(cfgPort.data()));

    Connection * result = new Connection(address, port);
    if (!result || !result->IsOK())
    {
        sprintf(buffer, "Failed to connect: %s:%s", cfgAddress.data(), cfgPort.data());
        Log::Instance().Write(buffer);
        throw ConnectionException(buffer);
    }

    return result;
}
```

```
Connection * CreateServerConnection()
{
    char buffer[1024];

    auto cfgAddress = ConfigurationManager::Instance().GetValue("address");
    if (cfgAddress.empty())
    {
        sprintf(buffer, "Configuration value missing: %s", "address");
        Log::Instance().Write(buffer);
        throw ConnectionException(buffer);
    }

    auto address = inet_addr(cfgAddress.data());
    if (address == -1)
    {
        sprintf(buffer, "Invalid address: %s", cfgAddress.data());
        Log::Instance().Write(buffer);
        throw ConnectionException(buffer);
    }

    auto cfgPort = ConfigurationManager::Instance().GetValue("port");
    if (cfgPort.empty())
    {
        sprintf(buffer, "Configuration value missing: %s", "port");
        Log::Instance().Write(buffer);
        throw ConnectionException(buffer);
    }

    auto port = htons(atoi(cfgPort.data()));

    Connection * result = new Connection(address, port);
    if (!result || !result->IsOK())
    {
        sprintf(buffer, "Failed to connect: %s:%s", cfgAddress.data(), cfgPort.data());
        Log::Instance().Write(buffer);
        throw ConnectionException(buffer);
    }

    return result;
}
```

```
Connection * CreateServerConnection()
{
    ...
    Connection * result = new Connection(address, port);
    if (!result || !result->IsOK())
    {
        sprintf(buffer, "Failed to connect: %s:%s", cfgAddress.data(), cfgPort.data());
        Log::Instance().Write(buffer);
        throw ConnectionException(buffer);
    }

    return result;
}
```

```
Connection * CreateServerConnection()
{
    ...
    Connection * result = new Connection(address, port);
    if (!result->IsOK())
    {
        sprintf(buffer, "Failed to connect: %s:%s", cfgAddress.data(), cfgPort.data());
        Log::Instance().Write(buffer);
        throw ConnectionException(buffer);
    }

    return result;
}
```

```
std::auto_ptr<Connection> CreateServerConnection()
{
    ...
    std::auto_ptr<Connection> result(new Connection(address, port));
    if (!result->IsOK())
    {
        sprintf(buffer, "Failed to connect: %s:%s", cfgAddress.data(), cfgPort.data());
        Log::Instance().Write(buffer);
        throw ConnectionException(buffer);
    }

    return result;
}
```

```
std::unique_ptr<Connection> CreateServerConnection()
{
    ...
    auto result = std::make_unique<Connection>(address, port);
    if (!result->IsOK())
    {
        sprintf(buffer, "Failed to connect: %s:%s", cfgAddress.data(), cfgPort.data());
        Log::Instance().Write(buffer);
        throw ConnectionException(buffer);
    }

    return result;
}
```

```
Connection * CreateServerConnection()
{
    ...
    auto result = std::make_unique<Connection>(address, port);
    if (!result->IsOK())
    {
        sprintf(buffer, "Failed to connect: %s:%s", cfgAddress.data(), cfgPort.data());
        Log::Instance().Write(buffer);
        throw ConnectionException(buffer);
    }

    return result.release();
}
```

```
Connection * CreateServerConnection()
{
    char buffer[1024];

    auto cfgAddress = ConfigurationManager::Instance().GetValue("address");
    if (cfgAddress.empty())
    {
        sprintf(buffer, "Configuration value missing: %s", "address");
        Log::Instance().Write(buffer);
        throw ConnectionException(buffer);
    }

    auto address = inet_addr(cfgAddress.data());
    if (address == -1)
    {
        sprintf(buffer, "Invalid address: %s", cfgAddress.data());
        Log::Instance().Write(buffer);
        throw ConnectionException(buffer);
    }

    auto cfgPort = ConfigurationManager::Instance().GetValue("port");
    if (cfgPort.empty())
    {
        sprintf(buffer, "Configuration value missing: %s", "port");
        Log::Instance().Write(buffer);
        throw ConnectionException(buffer);
    }

    auto port = htons(atoi(cfgPort.data()));

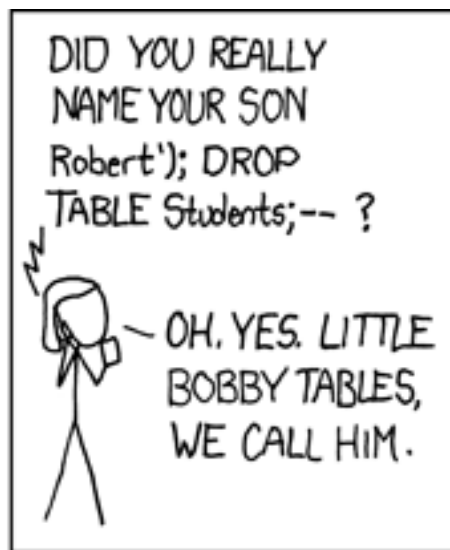
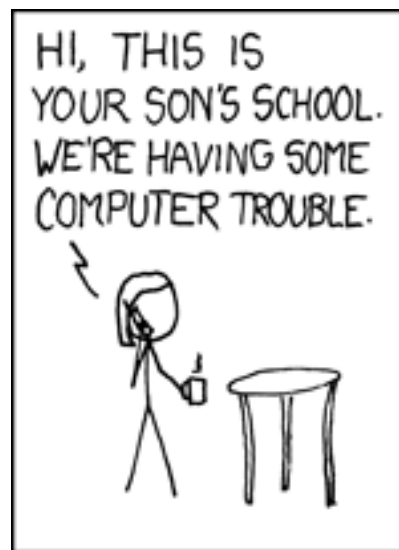
    auto result = std::make_unique<Connection>(address, port);
    if (!result->IsOK())
    {
        sprintf(buffer, "Failed to connect: %s:%s", cfgAddress.data(), cfgPort.data());
        Log::Instance().Write(buffer);
        throw ConnectionException(buffer);
    }

    return result.release();
}
```


printer

eval

evil



**Every escape
is an entrance**


```
Connection * CreateServerConnection()
{
    char buffer[1024];
    ...
    if (cfgAddress.empty())
    {
        snprintf(buffer, sizeof buffer, "Configuration value missing: %s", "address");
        Log::Instance().Write(buffer);
        throw ConnectionException(buffer);
    }
    ...
    if (address == -1)
    {
        snprintf(buffer, sizeof buffer, "Invalid address: %s", cfgAddress.c_str());
        Log::Instance().Write(buffer);
        throw ConnectionException(buffer);
    }
    ...
}
```

```
Connection * CreateServerConnection()
{
    ...
    if (cfgAddress.empty())
    {
        std::stringstream buffer;
        buffer << "Configuration value missing: " << "address";
        Log::Instance().Write(buffer.str());
        throw ConnectionException(buffer.str());
    }
    ...
    if (address == -1)
    {
        std::stringstream buffer;
        buffer << "Invalid address: " << cfgAddress;
        Log::Instance().Write(buffer.str());
        throw ConnectionException(buffer.str());
    }
    ...
}
```

```
Connection * CreateServerConnection()
{
    ...
    if (cfgAddress.empty())
    {
        static const char * logMessage = "Configuration value missing: address";
        Log::Instance().Write(logMessage);
        throw ConnectionException(logMessage);
    }
    ...
    if (address == -1)
    {
        auto logMessage = "Invalid address: " + cfgAddress;
        Log::Instance().Write(logMessage);
        throw ConnectionException(logMessage);
    }
    ...
}
```

```
Connection * CreateServerConnection()
{
    auto cfgAddress = ConfigurationManager::Instance().GetValue("address");
    if (cfgAddress.empty())
    {
        static const char * logMessage = "Configuration value missing: address";
        Log::Instance().Write(logMessage);
        throw ConnectionException(logMessage);
    }

    auto address = inet_addr(cfgAddress.c_str());
    if (address == -1)
    {
        auto logMessage = "Invalid address: " + cfgAddress;
        Log::Instance().Write(logMessage);
        throw ConnectionException(logMessage);
    }

    auto cfgPort = ConfigurationManager::Instance().GetValue("port");
    if (cfgPort.empty())
    {
        static const char * logMessage = "Configuration value missing: port";
        Log::Instance().Write(logMessage);
        throw ConnectionException(logMessage);
    }

    auto port = htons(stoi(cfgPort));

    auto result = std::make_unique<Connection>(address, port);
    if (!result->IsOK())
    {
        auto logMessage = "Failed to connect: " + cfgAddress + ":" + cfgPort;
        Log::Instance().Write(logMessage);
        throw ConnectionException(logMessage);
    }

    return result.release();
}
```

```
Connection * CreateServerConnection()
{
    auto cfgAddress = ConfigurationManager::Instance().GetValue("address");
    if (cfgAddress.empty())
    {
        FailedToConnect("Configuration value missing: address");
    }

    auto address = inet_addr(cfgAddress.c_str());
    if (address == -1)
    {
        FailedToConnect("Invalid address: " + cfgAddress);
    }

    auto cfgPort = ConfigurationManager::Instance().GetValue("port");
    if (cfgPort.empty())
    {
        FailedToConnect("Configuration value missing: port");
    }

    auto port = htons(stoi(cfgPort));

    auto result = std::make_unique<Connection>(address, port);
    if (!result->IsOK())
    {
        FailedToConnect("Failed to connect: " + cfgAddress + ":" + cfgPort);
    }

    return result.release();
}
```

```
Connection * CreateServerConnection()
{
    auto cfgAddress = ConfigurationManager::Instance().GetValue("address");
    if (cfgAddress.empty())
        FailedToConnect("Configuration value missing: address");

    auto address = inet_addr(cfgAddress.c_str());
    if (address == -1)
        FailedToConnect("Invalid address: " + cfgAddress);

    auto cfgPort = ConfigurationManager::Instance().GetValue("port");
    if (cfgPort.empty())
        FailedToConnect("Configuration value missing: port");

    auto port = htons(stoi(cfgPort));

    auto result = std::make_unique<Connection>(address, port);
    if (!result->IsOK())
        FailedToConnect("Failed to connect: " + cfgAddress + ":" + cfgPort);

    return result.release();
}
```

```
Connection * CreateServerConnection()
{
    auto cfgAddress = ConfigurationManager::Instance().GetValue("address");
    if (cfgAddress.empty())
        FailedToConnect("Configuration value missing: address");

    auto address = inet_addr(cfgAddress.c_str());
    if (address == -1)
        FailedToConnect("Invalid address: " + cfgAddress);

    auto cfgPort = ConfigurationManager::Instance().GetValue("port");
    if (cfgPort.empty())
        FailedToConnect("Configuration value missing: port");

    auto port = htons(stoi(cfgPort));

    auto result = std::make_unique<Connection>(address, port);
    if (!result->IsOK())
        FailedToConnect("Failed to connect: " + cfgAddress + ":" + cfgPort);

    return result.release();
}
```

```
Connection * CreateServerConnection()
```

```
{
```

```
    auto cfgAddress = ConfigurationManager::Instance().GetValue("address");
```

```
    if (cfgAddress.empty())
```

```
        FailedToConnect("Configuration value missing: address");
```

```
    auto address = inet_addr(cfgAddress.c_str());
```

```
    if (address == -1)
```

```
        FailedToConnect("Invalid address: " + cfgAddress);
```

```
    auto cfgPort = ConfigurationManager::Instance().GetValue("port");
```

```
    if (cfgPort.empty())
```

```
        FailedToConnect("Configuration value missing: port");
```

```
    auto port = htons(stoi(cfgPort));
```

```
    auto result = std::make_unique<Connection>(address, port);
```

```
    if (!result->IsOK())
```

```
        FailedToConnect("Failed to connect: " + cfgAddress + ":" + cfgPort);
```

```
    return result.release();
```

```
}
```

```
std::unique_ptr<Connection> CreateServerConnection()
{
    auto cfgAddress = ConfigurationManager::Instance().GetValue("address");
    if (cfgAddress.empty())
        FailedToConnect("Configuration value missing: address");

    auto address = inet_addr(cfgAddress.c_str());
    if (address == -1)
        FailedToConnect("Invalid address: " + cfgAddress);

    auto cfgPort = ConfigurationManager::Instance().GetValue("port");
    if (cfgPort.empty())
        FailedToConnect("Configuration value missing: port");

    auto port = htons(stoi(cfgPort));

    auto result = std::make_unique<Connection>(address, port);
    if (!result->IsOK())
        FailedToConnect("Failed to connect: " + cfgAddress + ":" + cfgPort);

    return result;
}
```

```
std::unique_ptr<Connection> ConnectToServer()
{
    auto cfgAddress = ConfigurationManager::Instance().GetValue("address");
    if (cfgAddress.empty())
        FailedToConnect("Configuration value missing: address");

    auto address = inet_addr(cfgAddress.c_str());
    if (address == -1)
        FailedToConnect("Invalid address: " + cfgAddress);

    auto cfgPort = ConfigurationManager::Instance().GetValue("port");
    if (cfgPort.empty())
        FailedToConnect("Configuration value missing: port");

    auto port = htons(stoi(cfgPort));

    auto result = std::make_unique<Connection>(address, port);
    if (!result->IsOK())
        FailedToConnect("Failed to connect: " + cfgAddress + ":" + cfgPort);

    return result;
}
```

```
std::unique_ptr<Connection> ConnectToServer()
{
    auto cfgAddress = ConfigurationManager::Instance().GetValue("address");
    if (cfgAddress.empty())
        FailedToConnect("Configuration value missing: address");

    auto address = inet_addr(cfgAddress.c_str());
    if (address == -1)
        FailedToConnect("Invalid address: " + cfgAddress);

    auto cfgPort = ConfigurationManager::Instance().GetValue("port");
    if (cfgPort.empty())
        FailedToConnect("Configuration value missing: port");

    auto port = htons(stoi(cfgPort));

    auto result = std::make_unique<Connection>(address, port);
    if (!result->IsOK())
        FailedToConnect("Failed to connect: " + cfgAddress + ":" + cfgPort);

    return result;
}
```

```
std::unique_ptr<Connection> ConnectToServer()
{
    auto cfgAddress = ConfigurationManager::Instance().ValueOf("address");
    if (cfgAddress.empty())
        FailedToConnect("Configuration value missing: address");

    auto address = inet_addr(cfgAddress.c_str());
    if (address == -1)
        FailedToConnect("Invalid address: " + cfgAddress);

    auto cfgPort = ConfigurationManager::Instance().ValueOf("port");
    if (cfgPort.empty())
        FailedToConnect("Configuration value missing: port");

    auto port = htons(stoi(cfgPort));

    auto result = std::make_unique<Connection>(address, port);
    if (!result->IsOK())
        FailedToConnect("Failed to connect: " + cfgAddress + ":" + cfgPort);

    return result;
}
```

```
std::unique_ptr<Connection> ConnectToServer()
{
    auto cfgAddress = Configuration::Instance().ValueOf("address");
    if (cfgAddress.empty())
        FailedToConnect("Configuration value missing: address");

    auto address = inet_addr(cfgAddress.c_str());
    if (address == -1)
        FailedToConnect("Invalid address: " + cfgAddress);

    auto cfgPort = Configuration::Instance().ValueOf("port");
    if (cfgPort.empty())
        FailedToConnect("Configuration value missing: port");

    auto port = htons(stoi(cfgPort));

    auto result = std::make_unique<Connection>(address, port);
    if (!result->IsOK())
        FailedToConnect("Failed to connect: " + cfgAddress + ":" + cfgPort);

    return result;
}
```

Share a **Coke** with

Kevlin

FROME VALLEY
HEREFORDSHIRE

◆ **HENNEY'S** ◆
DRY CIDER

MADE FROM 100% FRESH PRESSED JUICE

THE **AGED 12 YEARS** OF DUFFTOWN



SINGLETON

Single Malt Scotch Whisky
of Dufftown

DUFFTOWN
ESTD 1896

MATURED FOR
12 YEARS

PRODUCT OF
SCOTLAND

Early Detection of Configuration Errors to Reduce Failure Damage

<https://www.usenix.org/system/files/conference/osdi16/osdi16-xu.pdf>

Our study shows that many of today's mature, widely used software systems are subject to latent configuration errors in their critically important configurations.

One root cause is that many (14.0%–93.2%) of these configurations do not have any special code for checking the correctness of their settings at the system's initialization time.

```
std::unique_ptr<Connection> ConnectToServer()
{
    auto cfgAddress = Configuration::Instance().ValueOf("address");
    if (cfgAddress.empty())
        FailedToConnect("Configuration value missing: address");

    auto address = inet_addr(cfgAddress.c_str());
    if (address == -1)
        FailedToConnect("Invalid address: " + cfgAddress);

    auto cfgPort = Configuration::Instance().ValueOf("port");
    if (cfgPort.empty())
        FailedToConnect("Configuration value missing: port");

    auto port = htons(stoi(cfgPort));

    auto result = std::make_unique<Connection>(address, port);
    if (!result->IsOK())
        FailedToConnect("Failed to connect: " + cfgAddress + ":" + cfgPort);

    return result;
}
```

```
std::unique_ptr<Connection> ConnectToServer(  
    const std::string & cfgAddress, const std::string & cfgPort)  
{  
    if (cfgAddress.empty())  
        FailedToConnect("Configuration value missing: address");  
  
    auto address = inet_addr(cfgAddress.c_str());  
    if (address == -1)  
        FailedToConnect("Invalid address: " + cfgAddress);  
  
    if (cfgPort.empty())  
        FailedToConnect("Configuration value missing: port");  
  
    auto port = htons(stoi(cfgPort));  
  
    auto result = std::make_unique<Connection>(address, port);  
    if (!result->IsOK())  
        FailedToConnect("Failed to connect: " + cfgAddress + ":" + cfgPort);  
  
    return result;  
}
```

Be conservative in what you
do, be liberal in what you
accept from others.

Postel's law

Be conservative in what you
do, be conservative in what
you accept from others.

```
std::unique_ptr<Connection> ConnectToServer(  
    const std::string & cfgAddress, const std::string & cfgPort)  
{  
    if (cfgAddress.empty())  
        FailedToConnect("Configuration value missing: address");  
  
    auto address = inet_addr(cfgAddress.c_str());  
    if (address == -1)  
        FailedToConnect("Invalid address: " + cfgAddress);  
  
    if (cfgPort.empty())  
        FailedToConnect("Configuration value missing: port");  
  
    auto port = htons(stoi(cfgPort));  
  
    auto result = std::make_unique<Connection>(address, port);  
    if (!result->IsOK())  
        FailedToConnect("Failed to connect: " + cfgAddress + ":" + cfgPort);  
  
    return result;  
}
```

```
std::unique_ptr<Connection> ConnectToServer(in_addr_t address, in_port_t port)
{
    auto result = std::make_unique<Connection>(address, port);
    if (!result->IsOK())
        FailedToConnect(address, port);
    return result;
}
```

```
std::unique_ptr<Connection> ConnectToServer(in_addr_t address, in_port_t port)
{
    return std::make_unique<Connection>(address, port);
}
```


Remember that there
is no code faster than
no code.

Taligent's Guide to Designing Programs

Remember that there
is no code more
secure than no code.

How one developer just broke Node, Babel and thousands of projects in 11 lines of JavaScript

Code pulled from NPM – which everyone was using



Careful, careful ... Don't fumble this like the JS world (Credit: Claus Rebler)

23 Mar 2016 at 01:24, Chris Williams



1322

Updated Programmers were left staring at broken builds and failed installations on Tuesday after someone toppled the Jenga tower of JavaScript.

A couple of hours ago, Azer Koçulu unpublished more than 250 of his modules from [NPM](#), which is a popular package manager used by JavaScript projects to install dependencies.

```
function leftpad (str, len, ch) {  
  str = String(str);  
  
  var i = -1;  
  
  if (!ch && ch !== 0) ch = ' '  
  
  len = len - str.length;  
  
  while (++i < len) {  
    str = ch + str;  
  }  
  
  return str;  
}
```

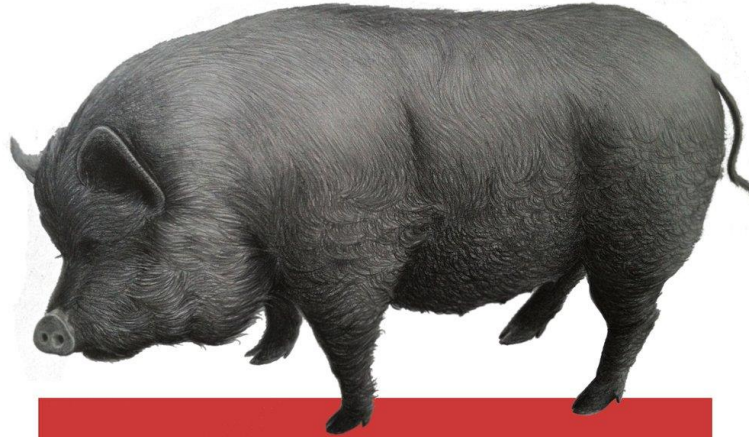
```
var cache = [
    ''
];

function leftPad(str, len, ch) {
    // convert `str` to `string`
    str = str + '';
    // `len` is the `pad`'s length now
    len = len - str.length;
    // doesn't need to pad
    if (len <= 0) return str;
    // `ch` defaults to ` `
    if (!ch && ch !== 0) ch = ' ';
    // convert `ch` to `string`
    ch = ch + '';
    // cache common use cases
    if (ch === ' ' && len < 10) return cache[len] + str;
    // `pad` starts with an empty string
    var pad = '';
    // loop
    while (true) {
        // add `ch` to `pad` if `len` is odd
        if (len & 1) pad += ch;
        // divide `len` by 2, ditch the remainder
        len >>= 1;
        // "double" the `ch` so this operation count grows logarithmically on `len`
        // each time `ch` is "doubled", the `len` would need to be "doubled" too
        // similar to finding a value in binary search tree, hence O(log(n))
        if ((len) ch += ch;
        // `len` is 0, exit the loop
        else break;
    }
    // pad `str`!
    return pad + str;
}
```

I have yet to see any problem,
however complicated, which,
when you looked at it in the
right way, did not become still
more complicated.

Anderson's Law

Code written by some stranger on the internet is always perfect



Taking on Needless Dependencies

Fragile Development Guide

O RLY?

@ThePracticalDev



Laurie Voss

@seldo

Hey npm users: left-pad 0.0.3 was unpublished, breaking LOTS of builds. To fix, we are un-un-publishing it at the request of the new owner.

12:03 AM - 23 Mar 2016



274

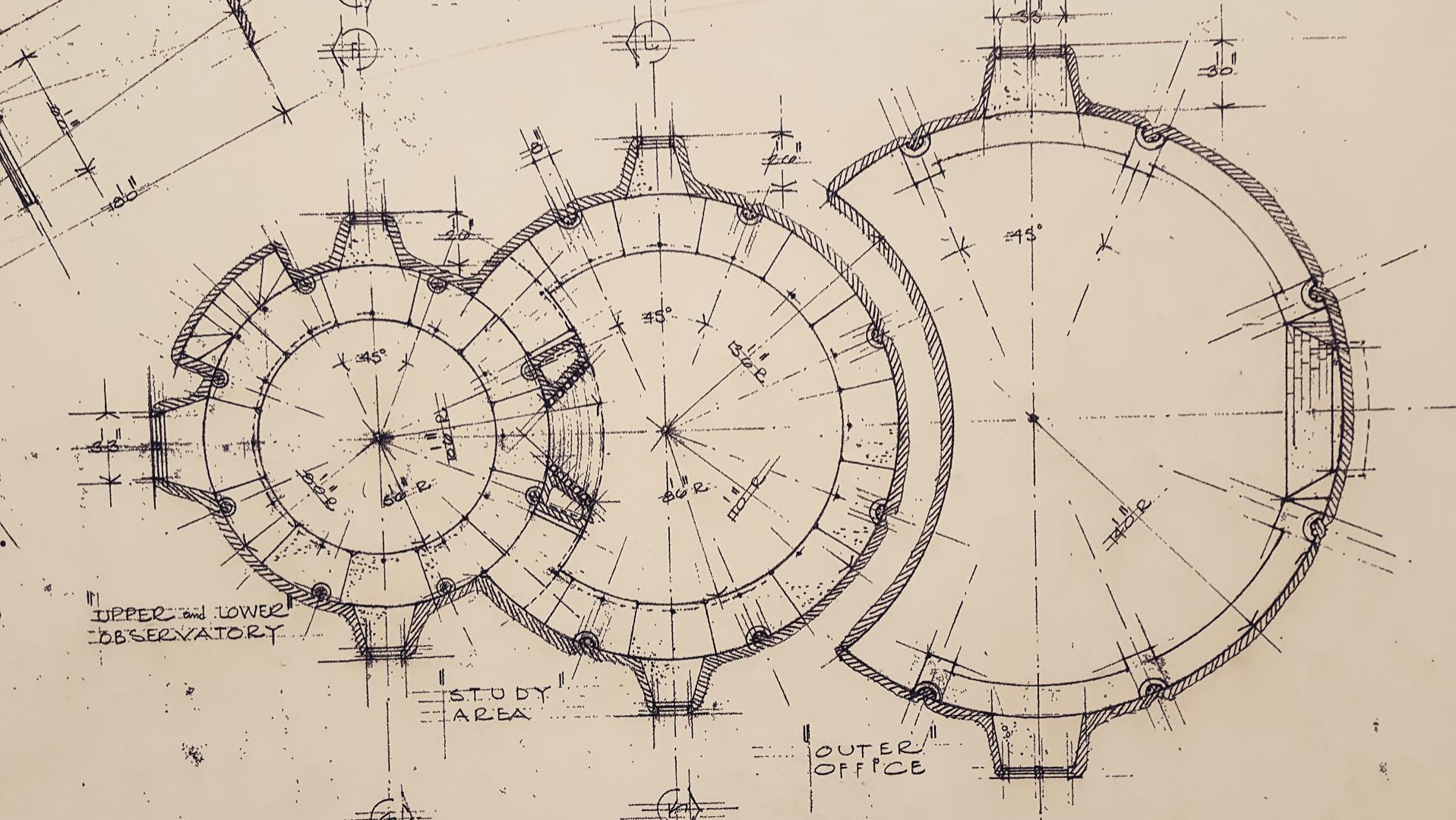


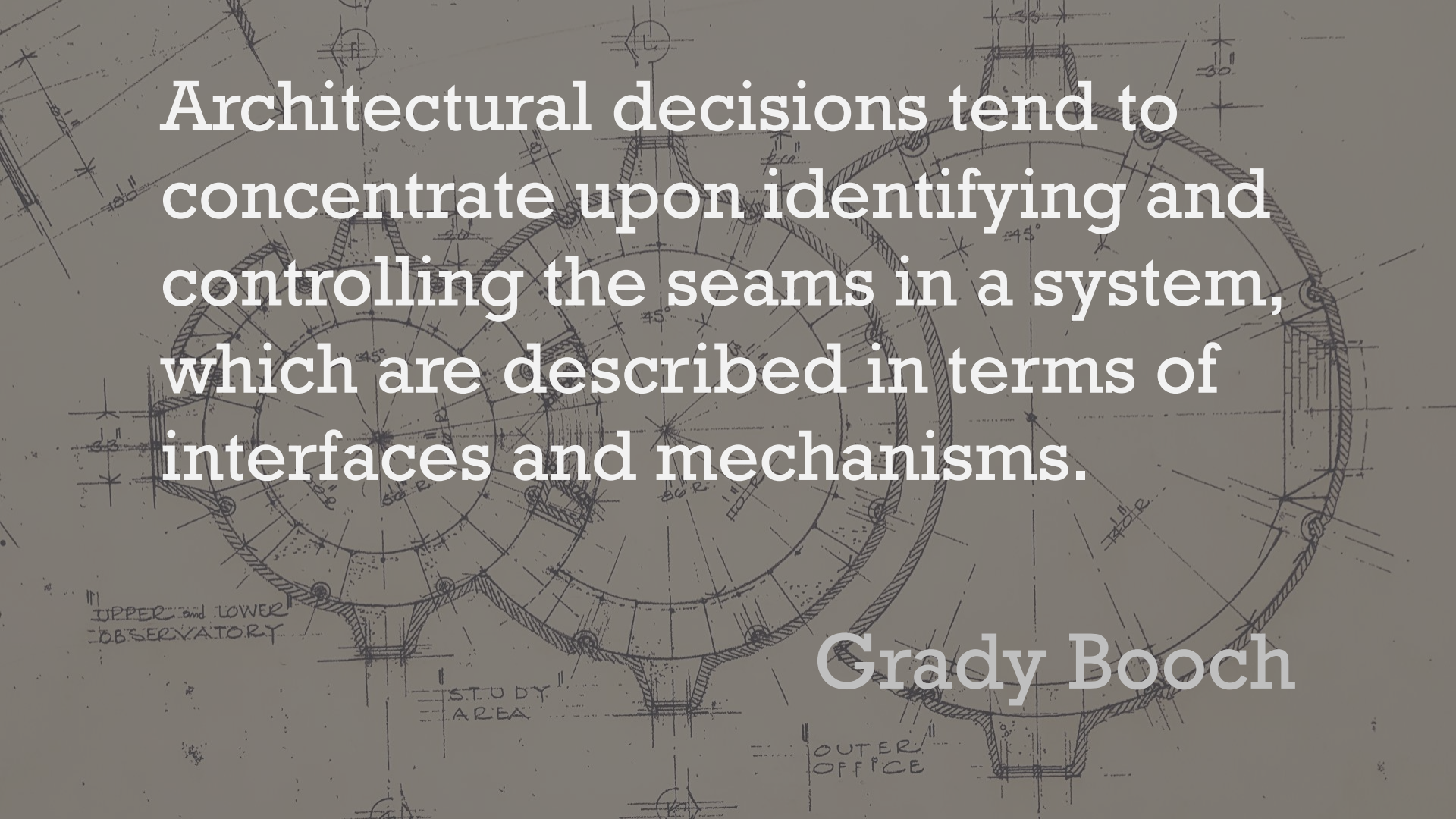
228

<https://twitter.com/seldo/status/712414400808755200>

```
function leftpad (str, len, ch) {  
  str = String(str);  
  
  var i = -1;  
  
  if (!ch && ch !== 0) ch = ' '  
  
  len = len - str.length;  
  
  while (++i < len) {  
    str = ch + str;  
  }  
  
  return str;  
}
```

```
function leftpad (str, len, ch) {  
    somethingWickedThisWayComes()  
    return _leftpad(str, len, ch);  
}
```





Architectural decisions tend to concentrate upon identifying and controlling the seams in a system, which are described in terms of interfaces and mechanisms.

The background is a detailed architectural drawing of a circular building plan. It features concentric circles and radial lines, dividing the space into various zones. Labels such as 'UPPER and LOWER OBSERVATORY', 'STUDY AREA', and 'OUTER OFFICE' are visible, along with numerous measurements and angles.

Grady Booch

As mankind relies more and more on the software that controls the computers that in turn guide society, it becomes crucial that people control absolutely the programs and the processes by which they are produced, throughout the useful life of the program.

Meir M Lehman

"Programs, Life Cycles, and Laws of Software Evolution"

Goto Fail, Heartbleed, and Unit Testing Culture

Mike Bland

<https://martinfowler.com/articles/testing-culture.html>

These bugs are as instructive as they were devastating: They were rooted in the same programmer optimism, overconfidence, and haste that strike projects of all sizes and domains.

Mike Bland

<https://martinfowler.com/articles/testing-culture.html>

These bugs arouse my passion because I've seen and lived the benefits of unit testing, and this strongly-imprinted experience compels me to reflect on how unit testing approaches could prevent defects as high-impact and high-profile as these SSL bugs.

Mike Bland

<https://martinfowler.com/articles/testing-culture.html>

```
function leftpad (str, len, ch) {  
  str = String(str);  
  
  var i = -1;  
  
  if (!ch && ch !== 0) ch = ' '  
  
  len = len - str.length;  
  
  while (++i < len) {  
    str = ch + str;  
  }  
  
  return str;  
}
```

```
var cache = [
    ''
];

function leftPad(str, len, ch) {
    // convert `str` to `string`
    str = str + '';
    // `len` is the `pad`'s length now
    len = len - str.length;
    // doesn't need to pad
    if (len <= 0) return str;
    // `ch` defaults to ` `
    if (!ch && ch !== 0) ch = ' ';
    // convert `ch` to `string`
    ch = ch + '';
    // cache common use cases
    if (ch === ' ' && len < 10) return cache[len] + str;
    // `pad` starts with an empty string
    var pad = '';
    // loop
    while (true) {
        // add `ch` to `pad` if `len` is odd
        if (len & 1) pad += ch;
        // divide `len` by 2, ditch the remainder
        len >>= 1;
        // "double" the `ch` so this operation count grows logarithmically on `len`
        // each time `ch` is "doubled", the `len` would need to be "doubled" too
        // similar to finding a value in binary search tree, hence O(log(n))
        if ((len) ch += ch;
        // `len` is 0, exit the loop
        else break;
    }
    // pad `str`!
    return pad + str;
}
```

```
function leftpad(content, length, pad) {  
  content = String(content)  
  pad = String(pad || pad === 0 ? pad : ' ')[0]  
  var left = Math.max(length - content.length, 0)  
  return pad.repeat(left) + content  
}
```

```
truths = {
    "Padding an empty string to a length of 0 results in an empty string":
        leftpad("", 0, "X") === "",
    "Padding a non-empty string to a shorter length results in the same string":
        leftpad("foobar", 3, "X") === "foobar",
    "Padding a non-empty string to a negative length results in the same string":
        leftpad("foobar", -3, "X") === "foobar",
    "Padding a non-empty string to its length results in the same string":
        leftpad("foobar", 6, "X") === "foobar",
    "Padding to a longer length with a single character fills to the left":
        leftpad("foobar", 8, "X") === "XXfoobar",
    "Padding to a longer length with surplus characters fills using only first":
        leftpad("foobar", 10, "XY") === "XXXXfoobar",
    "Padding to a longer length with an empty string fills with space":
        leftpad("foobar", 8, "") === "  foobar",
    "Padding to a longer length with no specified fill fills with space":
        leftpad("foobar", 9) === "  foobar",
    "Padding to a longer length with integer 0 fills with 0":
        leftpad("foobar", 7, 0) === "0foobar",
    "Padding to a longer length with single-digit integer fills with digit":
        leftpad("foobar", 10, 1) === "1111foobar",
    "Padding to a longer length with multiple-digit integer fills with first digit":
        leftpad("foobar", 10, 42) === "4444foobar",
    "Padding to a longer length with negative integer fills with -":
        leftpad("foobar", 8, -42) === "--foobar",
    "Padding a non-string uses string representation":
        leftpad(4.2, 5, 0) === "004.2",
}
```

```
truths = {
    "Padding an empty string to a length of 0 results in an empty string":
        leftpad("", 0, "X") === "",
    "Padding a non-empty string to a shorter length results in the same string":
        leftpad("foobar", 3, "X") === "foobar",
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        leftpad("foobar", -3, "X") === "foobar",
    "Padding a non-empty string to its length results in the same string":
        leftpad("foobar", 6, "X") === "foobar",
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        leftpad("foobar", 10, "XY") === "XXXXfoobar",
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        leftpad("foobar", 8, "") === "  foobar",
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        leftpad("foobar", 9) === "   foobar",
    "Padding to a longer length with integer 0 fills with 0":
        leftpad("foobar", 7, 0) === "0foobar",
    "Padding to a longer length with single-digit integer fills with digit":
        leftpad("foobar", 10, 1) === "1111foobar",
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        leftpad("foobar", 9) === "  foobar",
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        leftpad("foobar", 10, 42) === "4444foobar",
    "Padding to a longer length with negative integer fills with -":
        leftpad("foobar", 8, -42) === "--foobar",
    "Padding a non-string uses string representation":
        leftpad(4.2, 5, 0) === "004.2",
}
```

```
toMap = object => new Map(Object.entries(object))

format = (proposition, ok) =>
  proposition.fontcolor(ok ? "green" : "red") + "<br>"

present = truths =>
  toMap(truths).forEach(
    (ok, proposition) => write(format(proposition, ok)))

present(truths)
```

Padding an empty string to a length of 0 results in an empty string

Padding a non-empty string to a shorter length results in the same string

Padding a non-empty string to a negative length results in the same string

Padding a non-empty string to its length results in the same string

Padding to a longer length with a single character fills to the left

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Padding a non-string uses string representation

Testing Is the Engineering Rigor of Software Development



Collective Wisdom
from the Experts

97 Things Every
Programmer
Should Know

Neal Ford

O'REILLY®

Edited by Kevlin Henney

passive

passive

POUT

Plain

01'

Unit

Testing

POUT

active

POUT

TDD

Test -
Driven
Development

POUT

TDD

reactive

POUT

TDD

DDT

Defect-
Driven
Testing

Simple Testing Can Prevent Most Critical Failures

*An Analysis of Production Failures in
Distributed Data-Intensive Systems*

<https://www.usenix.org/system/files/conference/osdi14/osdi14-paper-yuan.pdf>

Almost all catastrophic failures
are the result of incorrect
handling of non-fatal errors
explicitly signalled in software.

A majority of the production failures (77%) can be reproduced by a unit test.

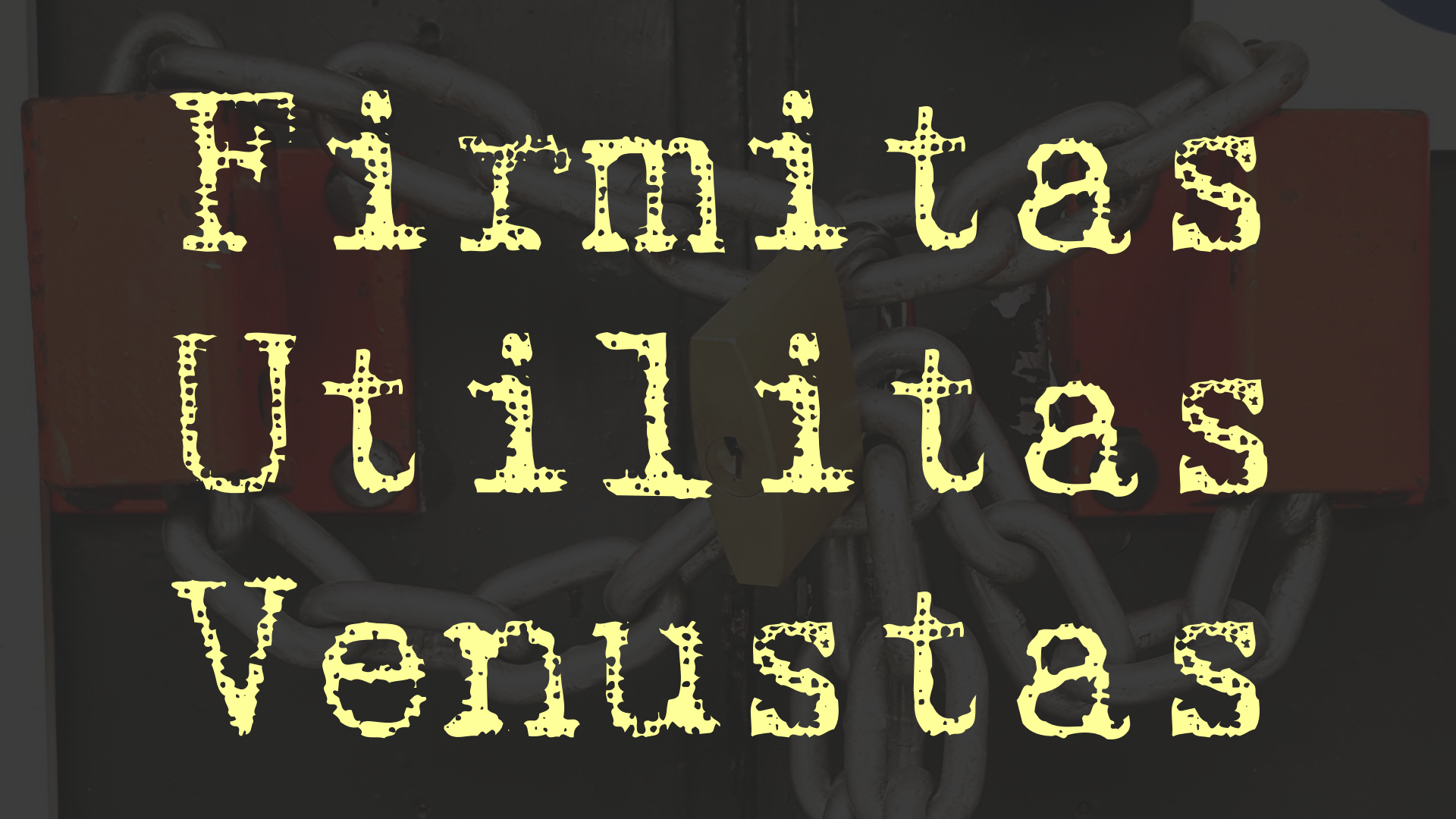
Top 10 Secure Coding Practices

1. Validate input
2. Heed compiler warnings
3. Architect and design for security policies
4. Keep it simple
5. Default deny
6. Adhere to the principle of least privilege
7. Sanitize data sent to other systems
8. Practice defense in depth
9. Use effective quality assurance techniques
10. Adopt a secure coding standard

Bonus Secure Coding Practices

1. Define security requirements
2. Model threats

<https://www.securecoding.cert.org/confluence/display/seccode/Top+10+Secure+Coding+Practices>



Firmitas
Utilitas
Venustas